

For the prevention and cure of
BILIOUS AND MALIGNANT FEVERS
is recommended
Hahn's ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS
This Medicine has been attended
with a degree of success highly grateful
to the inventor's feelings in several parts
of the West Indies and in the Southern
and Middle States, &c.

The testimony of a number of persons
can be adduced, who have reason to be-
lieve that a timely use of this salutary re-
medy has, under Providence, preserved
their lives when in the most alarming cir-
cumstances.

Facts of this conclusive nature speak
more in favour of a medicine than col-
umns of pompous eulogy founded on
mere assertion.

It is not indeed presumptuously pro-
posed as an infallible cure, but the inven-
tor has every possible reason that can re-
sult from extensive experience for be-
lieving that a dose of these Pills taken
once in every two weeks during the pre-
valence of our bilious fevers, will prove
an infallible preventive; and further,
that in the earlier stages of those diseases
their use will very generally succeed in
restoring health, and frequently in cases
estimated desperate and beyond the pow-
er of common remedies.

The operation of these pills is perfectly
mild, so as to be used with safety by per-
sons in every situation and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry
off superfluous bile and prevent its mor-
bid secretions—to restore and amend the
appetite—to produce a free perspiration
and thereby prevent colds which are of-
ten of fatal consequences. A dose never
fails to remove a cold it taken on its first
appearance: they are celebrated for re-
moving habitual costiveness—sickness at
the stomach and severe head-ache—and
ought to be taken by all persons on a
change of climate.

They have been found remarkably effi-
cacious in preventing and curing disor-
ders attendant on long voyages, and
should be procured and carefully preserv-
ed for use by every seaman.

Hamilton's Elixir.
A sovereign remedy for colds, obste-
inate coughs, asthmas, sore throats, ca-
tarrhs, and approaching consumptions.
To persons who have children afflicted
with the **HOOPING COUGH**, this dis-
covery is of the first magnitude, as it af-
fords immediate relief, checks the pro-
gress, and in a short time entirely re-
moves the most cruel disorders to which
children are liable. The Elixir is per-
fectly agreeable, and the dose so small
that no difficulty arises in taking it.

Hamilton's Grand Restorative.
Is recommended as an invaluable me-
dicine for the speedy relief and perman-
ent cure of
Nervous Disorders Violent cramps in
Consumptions the stomach and
Lowness of spirits back
Loss of appetite Indigestion
Impurity of blood Melancholy
Hysterical affection Gout in the stomach
Inward weaknesses Pains in the limbs
and debility Relaxations, etc.

**Hamilton's Essence and Extract of
Mustard.**
A safe and effectual remedy for acute
and chronic rheumatism, gout, rheumatic
gout, palsy, lumbago, numbness, white
swellings, chilblains, sprains, bruises, pain
in the face and neck, etc. etc.

Lee's Ointment for the Itch.
Warranted an infallible remedy at one
application, may be used with perfect
safety by pregnant women, or on infants
a week old, not containing a particle of
mercury or any dangerous ingredient
whatever, and not accompanied with that
tormenting smart which attends the ap-
plication of other remedies.

**Hahn's true & genuine German Corn
Plaster.**

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily
removing them root and branch, with-
out giving any pain.

The Genuine Persian Lotion.
So celebrated among the fashionable
throughout Europe, is an invaluable cos-
metic, perfectly innocent and safe, free
from corrosive and repellent minerals,
the basis of other lotions, and of un-
paralleled efficacy in removing blemishes
of the face and skin, freckles, pimples,
inflammatory redness, scurfs, tetter, ring-
worms, sunburns, prickly heat, &c.

Hahn's genuine Eye Water.
A sovereign remedy for all diseases of
the eyes, whether the effect of natura
weakness or of accident.

Tooth Ache Drops.
The only remedy yet discovered which
gives immediate and lasting relief in the
most severe instances.

Lee's Infallible Ague and Fever Drops
For the cure of agues, remittent and
intermittent fevers.

At the place of sale pamphlets
may be had gratis, describing cures per-
formed by the above medicines; the num-
ber, importance and respectability of
which, fully justify every article of this
advertisement.

Sold only wholesale and retail, by
JAMES KENNEDY & SON,
King-st. Alexandria.

september 26

Alexandria Gazette & Daily Advertiser.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY SAMUEL SNOWDEN, ROYAL-STREET, ALEXANDRIA.

VOL. XIX.]

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 12, 1818.

[No. 5303.]

Shoes.

S. & D. REED.

HAVE just received a general assort-
ment of Shoes, which they offer for
sale on accommodating terms, by wholesale
or retail. July 23

Claret.

A FEW cases of Medoc Claret, of a su-
perior quality, for sale by
July 20 **LAWRASON & FOWLE.**

Connecticut Ploughs.

JUST received and for sale by
NEWTON KEENE,
150 Connecticut Ploughs. dtf
August 3

Waggon, Furniture, &c.

SAMUEL WARD has received per brig
Susan, and other late arrivals, a large
quantity of Goods in his line, comprising
the following articles:

30 waggons with harness, 3 with tops
300 chairs of different kinds
4 sofas and settees; children's chairs
4 sideboards of the newest fashion
40 bureaus of different prices
60 tables do
20 light stands do
10 work tables do
10 wash stands do
8 secretaries and book cases
150 looking glasses from 1 to 25 dols
3 dozen grass mats
2 dozen hearth and floor brushes
6 dressing bureaus
12 feather beds and mattresses
2000 feet mahogany in boards
1 dozen small hoes for gardening
4 gross bed screws; 1 doz bed keys
16 dozen bed caps; 15 do table hinges
6 dozen sacking bottoms at 18s
13 portable desks
Easy chairs and night stools
ALSO,
70 trunks of different sizes
800 chip hats
Boots, shoes and hats
Saddles, bridles and whips
6 bundles of steel, very low priced
Cast steel axes and common do
LIKEWISE,
10 kegs butter
10 bbls New England Rum
4 bbls crackers of the first quality
TOGETHER WITH
Letter paper and bills of lading
All of which will be sold on good terms
at the Cabinet warehouse, foot of Prince-st.
July 13 3w

Wm. Devanlin,

HAIR-DRESSER AND PERFUMER,

Royal-street, Alexandria.

HAS just received and offers for sale at
his shop, a few cases of Razors, of
a superior quality, for travelling, with six
blades. ALSO,
Ladies' and gentlemen's dressing cases
Cloth brushes; hat do; hair do; nail do
Shaving do; tooth do; rouge in pots
Ammoniac paste; oil Antigua; pomatum
Cologne water; lavender do of superior
quality; hair powder; powder puffs
Nipples soap for shaving; vegetable do
Rose do; palm do; wash balls
Shaving soap; tuck combs; pocket do
Dressing do; pocket books
Pencil cases; beaver gloves; whips
Webb's N.Y. suspenders; French do
Hopkins's razor strops; Packwood's do
Shaving boxes; shaving glasses
Canes and rattans; watch chains
And a variety of other articles, too tedious
to mention. July 21

Alexandria, August 4.

WAS committed to the jail of this Co.

as a runaway, a negro man, who

calls himself JOHN WEAKS; and says

that he was born free in Prince George Co.

Maryland, that his mother's name is Sally

Green, who lives near the road leading

from the Alexandria Ferry to the Eastern

Branch bridge, adjoining one Hen. Thomp-

son. He was committed to this jail on the

7th May last, and then called himself Wil-

liam Washington, but made his escape the

16th. He is about 25 years of age, 5 feet

7 inches high, stout made. Says he is known

to Mr. Daniel Moxley, and Henry Thomp-

son, of Maryland. The owner is request-

ed to come and prove his property, pay

charges, and take him away, otherwise he

will be disposed of as the law directs.

ANDREW ROUNSAVELL, Jailor.

August 8 law2m

Withers & Washington.

A FEW doors east of the Washington

Tavern, have just opened a hand-

some assortment of

Spring Goods.

which they offer at the most reduced

prices for cash. March 26

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on

the night of the 7th June inst. an

apprentice to the Printing Business, na-

med JOHN SETON, born in Ireland, be-

tween 16 and 17 years old, dark com-

plexion, eyes and hair, clad on and took

with him, a long blue cloth coat, second

quality, gray ribbed pantaloons, striped

summer vest, cotton stockings, ruffled

shirt, a roan hat, besides coarse shirts,

a great coat of brown cloth, with a vel-

vet collar, and silver hook and eye, a

pair of blue cloth trousers, and other

clothing not recollected. It is believed

he is gone to New-York.

Whoever takes up said apprentice, con-

fines him in any jail in the United States,

and gives him legal information of the

same, shall receive the above reward.

WILLIAM MCCKRLE,

Editor of the Freeman's Journal Philad.

april 23

District of Columbia.

County of Alexandria, April Term, 1818.

Henry Boswell vs.

The representatives of John Webster, dec-

ed and against Rezin Webster.

ON the petition of Henry Boswell, a rule

is granted him against the representa-

tives of John Webster, deceased, and against

Rezin Webster, to show cause on the 1st day

of the next term, why a piece of ground si-

tuated in the town of Alexandria, late the

property of William R. Webster, should not

be sold, and the money divided among the

representatives of the said William R.

Webster, according to law.

It is ordered, that this rule do to Rezin

Webster, be published in one of the Alex-

andria papers for eight weeks suc-

cessively. A true copy from the records.

Test, EDM. J. LEE, C. C.

July 25 S2m

Hardware.

LEWIS RIPPINS has received per

the Mohawk, via Baltimore, a small

addition to his former assortment of hard-

ware, which renders the assortment toler-

ably complete and extensive.

AMONG WHICH ARE,
Shoe thread in balls, of good quality

Engl h bridle and skirting leather,

of superior quality

Man's and women's saddle trees

Plated chain spurs

Girth webbing

Waldron's grain and grass sithes

Sickles

Patent iron tea kettles

WITH A VARIETY OF

Cutlery & Mongery Goods;

all of which are offered at reduced prices

to punctual customers. June 11

Muscovado Sugar.

WILL be landed this day from on

board the British brig Fame, from

Barbados, at Merchants' wharf, and for

sale by the subscriber,

41 hds prime muscovado sugar

JAMES PATTON. dtf

July 6

Bolting Cloths.

THE subscriber has this day received,

a large and elegant assortment

of Bolting Cloths, of a superior quality,

which will be offered for sale at the

store of Messrs. Butts & Cawood, King-

street, Alex'a, where he intends keeping a

complete assortment in future.

Sept 6 AMOS ALEXANDER.

Bath House.

THE subscriber respectfully informs

his friends and the public, that his

Bath House will be kept open during the

season, and no exertions on his part shall

be wanting to give satisfaction to those

who shall favor him with their custom.

Two baths, distinct from the rest, are ex-

pressly reserved for the use of Ladies—

who will be waited on agreeably to their

directions. Tickets will be ready for

delivery on Friday next.

The subscriber has received by the

Norfolk packet, a quantity of Fresh

LIMES, which will enable him to keep a

constant supply of PUNCH, of the best

quality. T. SHIELDS. dtf

June 17

Carpeting.

ON hand at the auction store corner

of Prince and Water streets, Hol-

land Rush Carpets, justly celebrated for

their durability—of different widths and

qualities, which may be seen and pur-

chased at any time.

P. G. MARSTELLER

June 18

Notice.

THE subscribers to the Falls Bridge

Turnpike Company residing in

Fairfax County, Virginia, who lately sub-

scribed with a view to enable the Com-

pany to build a B ridge across the lower

Ford of Difficult Run and to forward the

Turnpike road, are hereby notified that

they are required to pay to John Tem-

pleman, the Superintendent on the road,

to his order, a monthly instalment of

ten dollars per share, to commence on

the 20th July next and to continue till

the whole amount of subscriptions are

paid up.

By order of the Board,

JOHN MURDOCH, Treas.

Georgetown, June 19, 1818.

30 Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber's farm,

near Piscataway, Md. on or about

the 1st day of March, 1818, a dark mu-

latto man named Nick, five feet ten or

eleven inches high, slender made, a little

deaf, speaks a little through his nose, has

been in the habit of wearing rings in his

ears, but may have taken them out to

avoid discovery. Said negro Nick has a

wife on Mr. Thomas A. Diggs's land,

near Fort Washington, and is probably

harbored in that neighborhood. I will

give the above reward of Thirty Dollars,

if taken out of the State of Maryland,

and Twenty if taken in the State, more

than ten miles from home—It within ten

miles of home, Ten Dollars.

JNO. H. BEANES.

april 23

Just Published.

JOSEPH MILLIGAN has this day

published a new edition of a Treatise

on being Born Again, without which

no man can be saved, By Saml. Wright,

D. D. To which is added, the Commu-

nion's Spiritual Companion; or an E-

vangelical preparation for the Lord's Sup-

per, by the Rev. Thomas Haweis, rector

of Aldwinkle, Northamptonshire, and

chaplain to the right honorable the earl

of Peterborough. Price bound 87 1-2 cts.

It may be had by application to any of

the principal booksellers in the district

of Columbia. July 3.

Robert Gray,

Next door west of the corner of King &

Royal Streets,

HAS just received on consignment,

the following BOOKS and STA-

TIONARY ARTICLES, viz:

Volney's Ruins; Thaddeus of War-

saw; Olney Hymns; Fancy's Letters

Murray's Reader, Grammar, Exercises

and Key;

Triumphs of Temper;

New-York Reader, No. 1, 2, & 3;

Episcopal prayer books

Travels at Home; Cases of Conscience

Chalmers's Discourses

Accidents of Human Life

Placide, a Spanish Tale; Manners, a

novel; Balance of Comfort

Letters from the Cape of Good Hope

Bonaparte's Letter to Lord Liverpool

Coxe's Female Scripture Biography

Beauties of Robertson

Harrington and Oranod

Memoirs of Moreau

Bernadotte

Rachael Baker

Youth's Cabinet

Murray's Grammar, Abridged

Murray's, Webster's Comly's, and N

SELECTED.

RETIREMENT.

FAR from the cares that vex the world's re-
Here on my mossy couch I rest; [pose,
Reflection's limpid tide serenely flows,
And no rough passions riot in my breast.
The vernal bloom, that purples o'er the
vales, [gales,
The flowering arbour, fann'd by cooling
The grove's wild warblings, and the chi-
dren's shrill,
Of the rude streams, that wander at the will,
And bill, and dale, and forest, lake and lawn,
And light and shade, in sweet confusion
thrown—
Delight the soul to pensiveness inclined,
And sooth to solemn thought the musing
Here, in these peaceful scenes, [mind.
Daughter of God, indulgent Nature reigns,
Divinely fair! as when her infant brows,
From the wild waves of teeming chaos rose,
When choral angels with a pleas'd surprise,
Hail'd the young lustre sparkling in her
eyes,
And in her radiant form, and lovely face,
Saw their own heaven with full reflected
grace. [Port Folio.

SINGULAR HISTORY.

DIED, at Deerfield, Mass. on the 18th
instant, Miss Eunice ALLEN, aged 85. Miss
Allen had been confined to her bed nearly
17 years by reason of lameness. In the
year 1746, at the Brar's fight, so called at
Deerfield, she had a tomahawk struck in
her head by an Indian, which deprived her
of her senses, but she survived the cruel
blow. The writer of this article called
upon her a few days previous to her death,
and received from her the following rela-
tion. Her recollection of the event was
perfectly distinct and clear. She observed
that it would be the last thing she should
ever forget.

Fort Massachusetts, at the foot of Hoosick
mountain, about 35 miles west of Deerfield,
was taken on the 20th of August, 1746.
After the capitulation, a party of 50 Indians
meditated an attack upon the inhabitants of
Deerfield, and came down to the borders
of the meadows upon the Sabbath and re-
connoitered them. They first examined
the north meadows, and then the south.
Finding a large quantity of hay in the north
meadows two miles north of the street, and
supposing that our people would be there
at work the next day, they concealed them-
selves in the brush and underwood, upon
the borders of the adjoining hills.

The next day, 10 or 12 men and chil-
dren, the men armed with guns which they
always carried with them, went into the
field and commenced their labor. A Mr.
Eleazer Hawk was out hunting partridges
that morning on the hills adjoining the
meadows. He saw a partridge and shot it.
This alarmed the Indians, who supposed
that they were discovered, and they im-
mediately killed and scalped Mr. Hawk,
and then proceeded to attack the workmen.
They fought some time, which gave some
of the children an opportunity to escape.
Mr. Allen, the father of the deceased Miss
Eunice Allen, resolutely maintained his
ground in defence of 3 children who were
at work with him in the field, until he had
killed 1 or 2 of the enemy. When he was
overpowered by numbers, he fought them
with the butt end of his gun, but was finally
shot and horribly mangled. The shirt
which he wore on that day, torn with many
balls, and gashed with tomahawks, is still
to be seen as a curiosity in the museum in
Deerfield Academy, or at the house of Mr.
Asaph Allen.

In this engagement three men and a boy
were killed, one boy was taken prisoner,
and Miss Eunice was wounded and left for
dead, but not scalped. In endeavouring to
make her escape, she was pursued by an
Indian with a gun and an uplifted to-
mahawk. She was extremely active and
would have outrun him, had he not fired
upon her. The ball passed through her
clothes, but did not injure her. She sup-
posed that it had struck her, and in her
fright she fell. The Indian overtook her
and buried his tomahawk in her head at the
fontanelle, and left her for dead. The
firing in the meadows alarmed the people
in the street, who ran to the scene of action,
and the Indians made a hasty retreat.
Miss A. was passed by a number of soldiers
who supposed her to be dead. At last an
uncle came to her, discovered signs of life
in her, and conveyed her home. Her
wound was dressed by Dr. Thomas Wil-
liams, who took from it a considerable quan-
tity of brains. The wound rapidly healed,
and the cicatrix at the time of her decease
was nearly two inches and a half long.
When she recovered from her swoon, she
had no idea that she was wounded in the
head, but supposed that she was shot.

ALEXANDRIA:
WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 12
LOO-CHOO ISLANDS.
[No. 1.]

O! wonder!
How many goodly creatures are there here!
How beauteous mankind is! O brave new
world,
That has such people in it!

SHAKESPEARE.

The British reviews, though they often
convey to us information of the most de-
lightful as well as important nature, have
never, that we can remember, brought to
our shores more interesting matter than is
contained in those of the first quarter of the
present year, in critical observations on
two books then lately published in London,
on the subject of some recent discoveries
made on the west coast of Corea by the
ships of war which accompanied the late
embassy from the court of St. James's to
the emperor of China; and particularly on
the subject of a vast number of islands, and
among the rest of that called the great Loo-
Choo, or as it has been written by the au-
thor of one of the books, *Loo-Choo Island*.
The first of those books is entitled "An
account of a Voyage of Discovery to the
west coast of Corea, and the Great Loo-
Choo Island, with an Appendix containing
Charts, various Hydrographical and
Scientific Notices. By Capt. Basil Hall,
of the Royal Navy, F. R. S. London and
Edinburgh. Member of the Asiatic So-
ciety of Calcutta, of the Literary Society
of Arts and Sciences of Batavia." And a
Vocabulary of the Loo-Choo Language.—
By H. I. Clifford, esq. Lieutenant of the
Royal Navy." The title of the second is
"Voyage of his Majesty's Ship *Alceste*,
along the Coast of Corea to the Island of
Loo-Choo, with an Account of her subse-
quent Shipwreck. By John McLeod, Sur-
geon of the *Alceste*."

Most living creatures, but above all those
of the human race, feel for others of their
kind a strong sympathy. In man, this pas-
sion is so constant and powerful, that it has
become the source of many of his most ex-
quisite enjoyments and poignant miseries,
and above all, those pains and pleasures
resulting from the intense curiosity with
which he examines his own nature, as it is
developed in the boundless variety of ac-
tion, sentiment and character that passes
before him through life. Of this curiosity
every man of reflection must be conscious;
though being met by him in others, it, like
every other circumstance of habitual fre-
quent occurrence, escapes the particular
observation of the generality of mankind.

Every man is occupied, more or less, in
tracing amongst those he converses with,
the varieties of temper and intellect which
constitute the characters of men; and re-
ceives great pleasure from every stroke of
nature that unfolds to him any of those va-
rieties. The influence of this sympathy
is discernible in most of our pursuits and
desires. It is that which gives birth to the
drama, and that affords the theatre such a
control as it possesses over the feelings of
all classes and conditions of men.—It is
that which imparts to novels such a charm;
and it is that which supplies history with
its attractions, and imparts to biography
its fascination.—It is that masterless pas-
sion which at one time draws men to a tra-
gedy, and at another to a public execution,
for which none have a more irresistible ap-
petite than persons of the most benevolent
hearts.* Few are they who have not per-
ceived either in themselves or others the
eagerness with which we examine the ac-
tions, the involuntary motions, the minute
working of the face of a human being when
exposed to some trying, terrible circum-
stances. The natural (Pope says, *the proper*)
study of mankind is man—not in any
of the false, artificial characters he so con-
stantly assumes in society; but in his own
native unsophisticated state.—We all, there-
fore, love more or less to accompany the
diable boiteux while he lifts off the roofs of
the houses, and to take a peep at our fellow
beings in those hours when disguise is re-
moved, and above all to view our species
in circumstances perfectly new—or before
unknown to us—and this is the root of that
passionate fondness which all men have for
reading accounts of travels, voyages, and
above all, of new discoveries. None but
those who were attentive remarkers of the
times in which they occurred can possibly
conceive the impression made upon the ci-
vilized world by the discoveries of captain
Cook. The interest excited by the ship-
wreck of Pierre Viard (though the authen-
ticity of his story is thought to be doubtful)
first broached that appetite for such things,
which the shipwreck and hardships of By-
ron on the *Wager* Island, described in his
authentic narrative, and the new intelli-
gence given by him of a race of giants on
the coast of Patagonia, soon afterwards sup-
plied with food. But all those were merged
and almost forgotten in the admiration and
delight which Cook afforded to Europe by
introducing it to the acquaintance of a new

* George Selwyn, one of the most phi-
lanthropic of men, went to an immense ex-
pense travelling to see executions.

and before that time unheard of and un-
known race of human beings in the various
clusters of islands which he discovered in
the Pacific ocean.—And now comes the
account of the great Loo-Choo and its mul-
titudinous companion isles, to reveal to us
some new secrets of the population of this
globe—to bring us acquainted with a race
of fellow beings who though far removed
from the ignorance or helplessness of sa-
vage life, and not merely versed in some
of the arts of refinement, have not hitherto
been suspected by Europeans to exist—and
to delight us with much curious information
of deep and enlivening interests to the
heart, and of no trifling importance to the
sound moral philosopher, and the sturdi-
ous investigator of the natural character of
man.

All that we have heard or seen of these
interesting volumes has been supplied by
the British reviews, and these have filled
us with the most eager desire to have a
complete attentive perusal of the whole.—
Even in those criticisms, and in the few
quotations they contain, we see abundant
scope for contemplation, and a supply of
delightful exercise for the fancy and the
judgment. We have not yet heard of those
interesting publications being in the way
to be printed in America; but we know
that many of our booksellers are too enter-
prising, and too feelingly alive to their own
interest, to let such a promising harvest
long stand unrequited.—In the mean time
we purpose to supply our readers with a
few of the most striking passages we can
find, accompanied with such observations
as shall occur to ourselves respecting them,
as worth offering to our readers.

COFFEE MARKETS.

Capt. Campbell, of the brig *Packet*, who
arrived on Sunday, sailed from this port
for Port-au-Prince, in May last, with spe-
cie, for the purpose of purchasing a cargo
of coffee: but this article being so scarce
and high, could not vest his funds in it—he
then proceeded to St. Jago, where coffee
could not be obtained at any price, and he
has brought back the greater part of his
money. [Newburyport Herald.

Capt. Moore, arrived at Norfolk, from
Surinam, informs that an epidemic pre-
vailed there, which swept off great numbers
of the natives—in many instances they died
in four or five hours after being taken with
it. The Americans were generally heal-
thy and had escaped the attacks of this fatal
malady. [Ibid.

EXPECTED BATTLE!

The Salem Gazette of Tuesday says—
"On Saturday afternoon last, a number of
gentlemen in a boat from this town, saw
the sea serpent near half-way rock, and at-
tended his motions for near an hour, in the
course of which they came pretty near him.
Their description of his form and great
length corresponds with the many accounts
which have been published. Several other
vessels that arrived on Saturday also saw
the creature. Sabbath afternoon he spent
at Gloucester.

A vessel with two boats, equipped for
war, were to sail on Wednesday, with a
view to encounter this terror of the deep;
she is manned with bold adventurers.

We hear two cruisers are after him from
Cape Cod.

On Tuesday the 28th ultimo, a Meeting
House partly finished, in Freeport, Maine,
was unfortunately burnt down. A man was
soldering the tin round the Cupola, and in
taking his iron from the fire, a coal hung to
it, which he threw off, when it lodged in the
shavings, and immediately took fire and
spread with such rapidity as to baffle all at-
tempts to extinguish it.

NEW BUILDINGS IN THIS CITY.

It is stated in the Gazette of this morning,
on the authority of a gentleman of leisure,
who has examined every street in the city,
that there is now erecting and finishing,
south of Spring-street, no less than 1869
buildings, upwards of 1000 of which are in-
tended as dwelling houses. The gentleman
estimates the number of workmen employed
at 20,000, and the daily expenditure for
labor, exclusive of materials, at 25,000 dol-
lars. The same paper also states, that
there are now on the stocks in this city, ten
large vessels, including the Tobacco Plant,
which is to be launched this day, and which
is intended as a regular trader between
Richmond, in Virginia, and Liverpool,
England. [New-York Com. Adv.

To the Editors of the Philadelphia Union.

The description given in your paper of
Thursday, of some of the numerous new
towns laid out in various sections of our
country, is particularly interesting. Our
immense territory presents a boundless
field for human enterprise, and a certain re-
fuge for those who are impelled, by the
impolicy of their governments, or the un-
happy consequences of war, to emigrate
from other nations. In this happy quarter
of the globe nothing more is necessary to
insure the gratification of all the wants of
life, than moderate industry and economy.
The new territory of Alabama, from its lo-
cal situation and fertile soil, particularly

invites the attention of settlers. Possessing
every agricultural advantage in an eminent
degree, it furnishes, by means of the navi-
gable streams that penetrate into every
part of it, the greatest facilities to com-
merce; while the salubrity of the climate is
admitted to be unsurpassed.

Already a steam-boat plying between
St. Stephens and Mobile, renders the com-
munication between those towns certain
and expeditious; and another, admirably
adapted to its intended objects, is building
in this city for the purpose of navigating the
waters of the lakes from Mobile to New-
Orleans. This boat in itself an object of
much importance to the citizens of Ala-
bama territory and its vicinity, and calculated
to afford much desirable accommodation to
the commercial interests of New-Orleans,
is in such a state of forwardness, that two
months will scarcely elapse before she is in
complete operation. Well directed enter-
prise should always be successful, and it is
sincerely to be wished, that the present
undertaking may amply remunerate the
proprietors. MOBILE.

From the New-York Daily Advertiser.

We do not observe that any thing has
been said in the newspapers, since the last
session of Congress, on the subject of a na-
tional bankrupt law. Whether the friends
of that measure are discouraged by the
failure of the attempt to carry it through
the House of Representatives the last win-
ter, or not, we are not able to say. Con-
sidering it a highly interesting subject to the
country at large, and especially to the mer-
cantile portion of it, and not a little to the
government itself, we cannot but hope its
friends will persevere in their efforts, until
they shall be crowned with success. That
such a law must, first or last, be passed, we
entertain not a doubt. The circumstances
of the country will absolutely demand it as
we become more extensively a commercial
people. There are now twenty States in
the Union, and Territory enough left, for
ought we know, for twenty more. Each
of these States, having the attributes of so-
vereignty and independence, except so far as
they have surrendered their powers to the
national government, will of course estab-
lish their own systems for the regulation of
debtor and creditor, and these may be as
various as the number of States. In such a
state of things, it is impossible for mercan-
tile credit to stand upon a sure steady basis.
In some States partial attachments are al-
lowed—in others no attachments—one
State will discharge an insolvent's body
from imprisonment, leaving his future ac-
quisitions subject to his former debts—an-
other will discharge both, and perhaps oth-
ers neither. There is now a strong cur-
rent setting in many parts of the country
against imprisonment for debt, and the ap-
pearance is in favor of its being, in some
places at least, entirely abolished. The
public compassion is strongly excited by
pathetic appeals in favor of the unfortunate
men who are shut up in prison, without
the means of paying their debts, and of-
ten perhaps of supplying themselves with
the necessities of life. This is perfectly
natural. But at the same time we ought not
to conclude that every creditor is hard-
hearted, and reduce a man to poverty be-
cause he can gain the reputation of being
kind and benevolent. If imprisonment
for debt should be entirely abolished, and
attachments not to be allowed, in a com-
munity where there is no general bankrupt
law, we see not how extensive credits can
be hazarded.

In the security of commercial operations,
which depend very much upon the charac-
ter of the laws regarding debt and credit,
the government have an important interest.
The revenue is in a great measure collected
from the merchants, and the government
is under the absolute necessity of trusting
them to an immense amount. But if the
laws of the States are such as to render the
collection of debts insecure, the merchants
who deal with the government are liable,
by the failure of their own debtors, to be-
come unable themselves to pay the govern-
ment.

In short, without intending at the present
time to go at large into the subject, we will
only say, that we think it one of the most
interesting subjects which can engage the
public attention. Humanity, as well as
trade and the revenue, is deeply concerned
in the establishment of a national system
of bankrupt laws. And to the large trading
towns and cities, it is an object of peculiar
importance—one, which we cannot but be
persuaded, is worthy of their most impor-
tant regard. If a Bankrupt act shall ever
be carried through Congress, we firmly be-
lieve that the impulse by which that event
will be accomplished, must proceed, in a
great degree, from those towns and cities.
A united and vigorous application from
them to the national legislature, can scarce-
ly fail of succeeding.

From the Cincinnati Gazette.

MERCHANT'S DIARY FOR HALF A DAY.
Rose at 6 o'clock A. M. regulated the
store, puffed a cigar, and walked the pave-
ment in slippers until 7, then prepared for
breakfast, and while adjusting my cravat,
was accosted by a boy, with "How do you
sell coffee?" "Thirty seven and a half
cents," I replied, and away he went.—
Breakfasted at half past seven, and placing
myself behind the counter, eyed with wish-
ful expectancy the crowd as they passed
my door. At 9, I was aroused by the shrill
exclamation of "How do you sell domestics
here?" from an elderly looking woman,
with an empty basket on her arm, and a
huge cornucopia pipe in her mouth; but
having learned the price, and having over-
hauled every thing she could lay her hands
upon, she deliberately passed into the next
store. While replacing my goods, a very
unwelcome visitor called, no other than a
runner from one of the banks, with a re-
quest that I would accept a draft. "A draft
indeed; I wish the d— I would take all
such tortments," said I; and while writing
with a trembling hand, the word "accept-
ed," came a fine sightly belle. Ah, think-
ing, lovely girl, if you would only write
"accepted." "Pray give her you any thread
lace?" "A very fine assortment Miss,"

answered I. Then the silks and ribbons,
and bunnets and shawls, and gloves, crapes
and satins, were all displayed in glittering
profusion, with many a round assertion
from me of their superior excellence and
cheapness, and in return I received a most
gracious smile, with "I'll call again sir."
I hope not," muttered I, as she left the
door. Thanks I to myself, Copper must
have been a merchant, or he never could
have written so correctly of the ladies, as
when he says—

"The merchant's plague, from shop to shop,
Wandering and littering with unfolded silks,
The polish'd counter and approving nose,
Or promising with smiles to call again."

It was now 12 o'clock, I had a note to
pay in the bank, and was just going out to
borrow money, when I was met by three
bouncing country girls, and their gallant at-
endants. Now for the cash thought I.—
Again the polished counter was bedecked,
and after much persuasion, they consented
to take a quarter of a yard of leno, if I
would throw in thread enough to make it
up with. To this I objected, they insisted,
and in order to get clear of them, I at
length complied.

I now sallied forth in good earnest to bor-
row money, met two or three of my neigh-
bors on the same business, succeeded in
part, and, as a dernier resort, proceeded to
the brokers, and sold at 6 per cent. discount
all my receipts for the last two weeks, and
quite out of breath, reached the bank just
as they were closing doors.

The above, Messrs. Editors, is a faithful
picture of a merchant's employment for
half a day; if any one covet his situation, I
wish he had it. If any one doubt the state-
ment, I hope he may yet be a tape seller in
Cincinnati. And if the girls should laugh
at it, I pray them beware, for although they
receive our best bow as often as they hon-
or us, with their visits, still we are a dis-
criminating set of fellows, and if we get but
little of their cash, we learn, or at least pre-
tend to learn much of their real character
and disposition, when exhibiting to them
our wares and merchandise. X.

From the Philadelphia Union.

NEW TOWNS IN THE WESTERN COUNTRY.

[Continued.]
CHAHABA.—The town of Chahaba,
which will be offered at public sale on the
first Monday of next October, and which
will probably be the seat of government
for the state of Alabama is situated on the
western branch of the Alabama, at its con-
fluence with the river Chahaba. It is dis-
tant about 77 miles in a right line from St.
Stephens on the Tombigbee, and bears
north 49 degrees east. St. Stephens is a-
bout 60 miles nearly north of the town of
Mobile. The Alabama is a very crooked
river, from its confluence with the Tombig-
bee to fort Jackson, the distance in a
straight line is about 132 miles, but by the
river the distance is about 264 miles.

ALABAMA.—The town of Alabama is si-
tuated on the Alabama River, ten miles be-
low fort Jackson, and the junction of the
Coosa and Tallapoosa. A sale of lots in
the town will take place at Milledgeville
on the first Monday in October next, and
be continued during the week.
Persons desirous of becoming purchasers
would do well to take a view of the town
of Alabama—from the fertility of the soil
of that section of the Country, and the
commanding situation of the site, it must
vie with any inland town, in the United
States—there are several good springs on
the town tract, and it is ascertained that ex-
cellent wells of water can be had at very
convenient depths.

John Scott is the agent for the propri-
etors.

HAVANA.—The town of Havana is situ-
ated in Lauderdale county, Alabama ter-
ritory, on the north side of the Tennessee
river, immediately above Colbert's reserve,
within nine miles of the town of Florence,
and eight from Colbert's ferry.

The town of Havana is included in that
section of the country which was recently
sold at Huntsville when forty two town-
ships brought to the government the en-
tire sum of 5,000,000 dollars. The simple
fact that within this district, land
sold, for purposes of agriculture, from 30
to 73 dollars per acre, furnishes an incon-
testible evidence of the fertility of the soil
and the value of its productions. The cli-
mate too, is of an agreeable temperature,
subject neither to the excessive heats of the
south nor the chilling blasts of the north—
yet the fruits and growth of the latter ar-
rive at great perfection, as the most profita-
ble species of agriculture of the former,
are produced in the most luxurious abun-
dant.

Of all the sites for towns in the late sales
the town of Havana has incomparably the
highest claim to precedence in a commer-
cial point of view.

Considering the situation of this place,
as it respects its commercial advantages,
and the rising importance of the north
side of Tennessee river, within the limits of
this territory, and the remarkably rich set-
tlement in the adjacent counties of Murray,
Giles, Lawrence and Wayne, in Tennes-
see, all of which must necessarily depend
upon this point as being the head of navi-
gation on the Tennessee for steam boats,
barges and keel boats, for their supply of
foreign articles. We say, taking these lo-
cal advantages into consideration, many
persons who are to be extensively engaged
in mercantile and agricultural pursuits, by
their repeated solicitations have induced
the proprietors to lay off a town on this
site.

The purchaser of cotton, the staple of
this section of the country, will find it em-
phatically to his interest to locate himself
at Havana, where he can ship his purchase
any season of the year, which will arrive
in market several months earlier than the
cotton from Madison county, or any place
above the Muscle Shoals. Thus, that place
embraces important advantages both in the
export and import trade.

Havana is situated at a point on the Ten-
nessee river, which is the nearest possible
route from the most populous settlements in
Kentucky and Tennessee to the Mississi-
ppi, the southern parts of Alabama territory
and West Florida. It may here be re-
marked, that a ferry will be established
here, by which the river can be crossed with

as much ease as to any other point whatever,
situated immediately at the lower end of
an island, known by the name of Long Is-
land—so convenient a place is offered for
crossing after leaving the military ferry till
you reach this point.

Much has been said about the value of lands
east of Lauderdale, in Limestone and Ma-
dison counties—but when we reflect that
the productions in the vicinity of Havana
will anticipate the other in market by sev-
eral months, and that they are in a great
degree dependent upon this place for their
foreign supplies, the undersigned confident-
ly believe that the situation will attract
the attention of discerning and enter-
prising men.

Havana has the advantage of being sup-
plied with pure and wholesome spring wa-
ter which is not surpassed by any in the
western country. The situation of the
town is high, with a fine view of this ma-
jestic river, and the variegated scenery of
a picturesque surrounding country.

Persons disposed to west a share of their
capital in town property, after a careful
examination of the map of the southern
country, will readily discover the propriety
of the selection of this place for a town,
being near the head of navigation, on a
large and noble river, furnishing great fa-
cilities to the commercial and agricultural
pursuits of a country equalled by none in
America for the fertility of its soil and the
value of its productions. An agreeable
and healthy point possessing these advan-
tages, cannot fail of rising in importance.
Every facility will be offered to merchants
who wish to settle in a new place, where
the population of all the surrounding coun-
try is increasing with unheard of rapidity,
and whose wants must be many and ur-
gent.

Lots in the above town will be offered
for sale on the premises on the 26th and
27th of October next. Terms of sale one
third in one year, one third in three years,
and the remaining third in four years from
the sale.

The Trustees are, E. J. Baily, George
Coulter, H. Campbell, S. Ragsdale and
Joseph Farmer.

MARRATTICK.—The town of Marrattick,
is situated in Halifax county, N. C. imme-
diately at the foot of the lowest falls on Ro-
anoke river, and on its south bank—it
spreads over a plain well calculated for the
object, and one that delights the eye with
the beauties of nature, while it exhibits
the soul with the prospect of plenty. It is
well watered and has proved as healthful
as any neighboring situation on the river—
It has also good banks for a landing
—and a very public ferry immediately at it,
which gives it easy access from the opposite
side. A canal is now cutting on the same
side round the falls, which is intended to o-
pen a communication between the large
and small craft. Navigation boats, carry-
ing from 40 to 60 hogheads of tobacco, flour,
&c. &c. which come down the river, from
the falls to Norfolk, a distance of about 240
miles by water.—The Roanoke, when she
resumes her long lost, but unquestionable
right, will in a commercial point of view,
rank with any of her sister Atlantic streams,
south of the Potomac and east of the Missis-
sippi. The extensive area of fertile back
country, which borders on Roanoke and
its branches, most of which can be made
navigable, will give importance to some
place on her banks, that will have no cause
to repine at the prosperity of Richmond.—
The rapid progress making in the navi-
gation and the vast quantity of produce which
has been brought down, some of which
descended the river from 200 miles above
the falls notwithstanding, its unimproved
state gives evidence of its future impor-
tance, too plain to be mistaken. In the
course of eighteen months fifty or more
bateaux such as are in James river above
Richmond, have commenced running and
have bro't down to the head of the falls,
which is about eight miles above the foot,
2000 or more hogheads of tobacco besides
a vast quantity of other produce; not-
withstanding the difficulties of a land car-
riage around the falls, which will be obvi-
ated when the canal is completed.

From 200 to 400 lots in this town will be
sold to the highest bidder on a credit of 6
months, on the first of Sept. next.
Application may be made to Henry
Smith, in Marrattick.

State of the weather in Alexandria.

August 11.—At 2 p. m. 84 degrees.

Married,

On Tuesday the 4th inst, by the Rev.
Mr. Lowe, Mr. JOHN G. LINDSEY, esq., to
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[Concluded.]

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Of all the cities for towns in the late sales the town of Havana has incomparably the highest claim to precedence in a commercial point of view.

Considering the situation of this place, as it respects its commercial advantages, and the rising importance of the north side of Tennessee river, within the limits of this territory, and the remarkably rich settlement in the adjacent counties of Murray, Giles, Lawrence and Wayne, in Tennessee, all of which must necessarily depend upon this point as being the head of navigation on the Tennessee for steam boats, barges and keel boats, for their supply of foreign articles. We say, taking these local advantages into consideration, many persons who are to be extensively engaged in mercantile and agricultural pursuits, by their repeated solicitations have induced the proprietors to lay off a town on this site.

The purchaser of cotton, the staple of this section of the country, will find it emphatically to his interest to locate himself at Havana, where he can ship his purchase any season of the year, which will arrive in market several months earlier than the cotton from Madison county, or any place above the Muscle Shoals. Thus, that place embraces important advantages both in the export and import trade.

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Much has been said about the value of lands east of Lauderdale, in Limestone and Madison counties—but when we reflect that the productions in the vicinity of Havana will anticipate the other in market by several months, and that they are in a great degree dependent upon this place for their foreign supplies, the undersigned confidently believe that the situation will attract the attention of discerning and enterprising men.

Havana has the advantage of being supplied with pure and wholesome spring water which is not surpassed by any in the western country. The situation of the town is high, with a fine view of this majestic river, and the variegated scenery of a picturesque surrounding country.

Persons disposed to west a share of their capital in town property, after a careful examination of the map of the southern country, will readily discover the propriety of the selection of this place for a town, being near the head of navigation, on a large and noble river, furnishing great facilities to the commercial and agricultural pursuits of a country equalled by none in America for the fertility of its soil and the value of its productions. An agreeable and healthy point possessing these advantages, cannot fail of rising in importance. Every facility will be offered to merchants who wish to settle in a new place, where the population of all the surrounding country is increasing with unheard of rapidity, and whose wants must be many and urgent.

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The Trustees are, E. J. Baily, George Coulter, H. Campbell, S. Ragsdale and Joseph Farmer.

MARRATTICK.—The town of Marrattick, is situated in Halifax county, N. C. immediately at the foot of the lowest falls on Roanoke river, and on its south bank—it spreads over a plain well calculated for the object, and one that delights the eye with the beauties of nature, while it exhilarates the soul with the prospect of plenty. It is well watered and has proved as healthful as any neighboring situation on the river—it has also good banks for a landing—and a very public ferry immediately at it, which gives it easy access from the opposite side. A canal is now cutting on the same side round the falls, which is intended to open a communication between the large and small craft. Navigation boats, carrying from 40 to 60 hogheads of tobacco, flour, &c. &c. which come down the river, from the falls to Norfolk, a distance of about 240 miles by water—the Roanoke, when she resumes her long lost, but unquestionable right, will in a commercial point of view, rank with any of her sister Atlantic streams, south of the Potomac and east of the Mississippi. The extensive and fertile back country, which borders on Roanoke and its branches, most of which can be made navigable, will give importance to some place on her banks, that will have no cause to repine at the prosperity of Richmond.

The rapid progress making in the navigation and the vast quantity of produce which has been brought down, some of which descended the river from 200 miles above the falls notwithstanding, its unimproved state gives evidence of its future importance, too plain to be mistaken. In the course of eighteen months fifty or more batteaux such as are in James river above Richmond, have commenced running and have bro't down to the head of the falls, which is about eight miles above the foot, 2000 or more hogheads of tobacco besides a vast quantity of other produce; notwithstanding the difficulties of a land carriage around the falls, which will be obviated when the canal is completed.

From 200 to 400 lots in this town will be sold to the highest bidder on a credit of 6 months, on the first of Sept. next.

Application may be made to Henry Smith, in Marrattick.

State of the weather in Alexandria.

August 11—At 2 P. M. 84 degrees.

Married.

On Tuesday the 4th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Lowe, Mr. JOHN G. LINDSEY, esq., to Miss MARY BARNES, daughter of President Basil Barnes of Swan-Creek Neck, all of Prince Georges county, Maryland.

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Schr Mary, Clements, 48 hours from Baltimore; sugar, whisky, dry goods, &c. to T. Cruise, and others of the district. Yesterday morning, below the Narrows, left two ships, apparently northern vessels, bound up.

Schr Cornelia, Robinson, 13 days from Thomaston; lime and lumber, to J. H. Ladd & Co.

Sloop Rising Sun, Smith, 12 days from Providence; lime, cheese, mackerel, &c. to E. Corning.

Schr Minerva, from Richmond, passed up this afternoon.

Ship Washington, Killiferan, Amsterdam.

Sloop Ranger, Sawyer, New-York.

The Washington arrived at 3 P. M.—Nothing bound up, inland vessels excepted.

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Union Steam-Boat.

THE Union will, until further notice, leave Alexandria at 4 o'clock P. M. to commence on Thursday next—and will leave Georgetown at her usual time, say half past 8 o'clock P. M.

Having rented the wharf formerly occupied by Mr. Andrew Bartle, for the exclusive use of the Union Steam Boat—masters of vessels are warned not to bring their vessels to said wharf.

JOHN SHREVE.

August 11 1w

French Plaster.

ONE hundred and fifty tons on board the ship Washington, for sale by

July 20 LAWRASON & FOWLE.

N. E. Rum, Brandy, &c.

LAWRASON & FOWLE have just received for sale,

100 bbls N E Rum

3 pipes Cognac Brandy

3 do Holland Gin

30 boxes soft shelled Almonds

50 do Chelmsford Glass, sizes fr.

8 by 10 to 12 by 14

150 casks Nails and Brads, assorted,

from 2d to 30d

5000 lbs Sugar Paper

10 boxes Lemons

July 10

Lawrason & Fowle

HAVE received by schr Adeline, capt.

Runney, and for sale,

15 pipes French brandy

60 qrs Malaga wine

August 6 4w

Sweat-proof Suspenders.

THE subscriber has a few of the above article, of his own manufacture, for sale at 50 cents per pair.

RICHARD HORWELL.

N. B. An assortment of his patent silk web, cotton do, and best double net, as usual.

2w August 5

Coffee, Salt, Rum, &c.

HOUSES, LANDS, &c.

For Sale.

UNDER an act of the Legislature of Virginia, passed on the 21st day of February, 1810, all that part of a tract of land lying in the county of Fairfax, and commonly called Retirement, to which the widow and heirs of the late Walter D. Brooke are entitled; as well their interest in that part which has been allotted to Ann Brooke for her dower, as that part of which the said widow and heirs are now in possession. The sale will be made at public auction on the premises near where the stage road crosses Dogues Run, on Thursday the 17th of September next, if fair, if not the next fair day. The terms are one-half cash, the balance on a credit of twelve months.

WILLIAM H. FOOTE,
BENJAMIN M. BROOKE, Comrs.
August 7 1178

For Sale.

A TRACT OF LAND in the county of Fairfax, between the Little River Turnpike Road and that from Leesburg to Georgetown, called SELBY, containing from 5 to 600 acres, situated in the neighborhood of Alexandria, Georgetown, and city of Washington. The land is in good order, with sufficient buildings for the purposes of farming, well watered, wooded, and adapted to plaster. As it is presumed that persons disposed to purchase will view the premises, further description is unnecessary.

Terms of sale liberal, and will be made known on application to John A. and Bushrod C. Washington, near Charlestown, Jefferson county, Virginia, or
NOBLET HERBERT,
Alexandria, D. C.
July 18 sw

Public Sale.

ON Wednesday, the 8th day of October next, I will offer for sale at Port Tobacco, if not previously disposed of at private sale.

Woodberry's Hope.

lying on Potomac River, containing about 360 acres, having wood enough on it to pay for it. The soil is of an excellent quality. Terms made known on the day of sale.

F. H. REEDER,
Charles co. Md. August 5 wmt80

Plaster Land.

The subscriber offers for sale a FARM of 430 acres, being part of the tract whereon he resides, in Fauquier county, Va. More than one-third of this Farm is in timber, and is land of the richest quality. The cleared land is in good heart, having had the advantage of a clover lay, and no soil being more susceptible of plaster improvement. He would also dispose of a tract of 50 acres, the whole of which is in timber, and is first-rate tobacco and meadow land. On this lot has been erected a well built saw mill, contiguous to which at the confluence of Broad and Mill runs is a most valuable site for a merchant mill. No property is better worth the attention of a person wishing to engage in such business. On the first mentioned farm is a commodious overseer's house, a new barn, stables, corn houses and negro quarters, and about 20 acres of timothy meadow.

THOMAS TURNER,
Near Hay Market Post Office.
June 26 2mt

600 acres of Land for sale.

THIS Tract is situated in Western Maryland, in the county of Frederick, and contiguous to the waters of the Potomac. The neighborhood is good—water excellent, and very desirable situations for building. A considerable proportion of the land is well timbered, besides a good deal of cedar, pine and other wood, sufficiently convenient to make it an object for those who may be disposed to send it to market—it is nearly equidistant from Baltimore, Washington and Norfolk.

Any one wishing to purchase may apply to

ROGER JONES,
Alexandria.

Also, a very valuable LOT, containing 140 acres, being a part of the late Mr. John Turberville's tract—within 6 miles of Georgetown, 3 from the Little Falls Bridge, and near to the turnpike leading from thence to Waleys, in Fairfax county, Va. A great proportion of this land is exceedingly well timbered, and that part which is not, is so recently cleared as to be in an active state for cultivation, and already in a productive condition. For terms, apply to PARTIS C. JONES, sq in Leesburg, Va. or to R. JONES, March 30

Public Sale.

WILL be peremptorily be sold for cash on the 21st of August next at 12 o'clock, at the Coffee House in the town of Alexandria, Five shares in the Georgetown Bridge Stock. Also, the following tracts of Land, to wit:—One containing 7,813 acres in Mason county, Kentucky, on the waters of the Sandy; one other containing 7,760 acres in Randolph county, state of Virginia, adjoining the lands of Henry Banks; one other containing 5,000 acres on the waters of Elk river, Randolph county; one other containing 438 acres in Hampshire county, on the waters of Patterson creek, about 2 miles from Frankfort; one other containing 30,000 acres in the county of Kenawha, on the main right hand fork of Big Sandy river, on the east side. The tracts will be divided if required. The plots and description of the lands may be seen at the counting-house of the subscriber.

JONAH THOMPSON,
Agent for the assignee of col. Jos. May.
June 29 wmtts

Public Sale.

WILL be sold on Thursday, the 20th of August next, if fair, if not, the next fair day.

A valuable tract of Land.

lying near the Falls Church, in Fairfax co. Virginia, containing one hundred and ninety-eight acres and a half and the 16th part of an acre—lying within 10 miles of Alexandria, 7 miles of Georgetown and Washington, and about four miles from the Falls bridge, with a good road from the said farm to all the abovementioned places. On it is a good Dwelling House, Kitchen, Barn, and all other convenient out houses, 10 acres of meadow, now in timothy, which is exceeded by none in this county; also several acres of valuable meadow land, which may be put in grass by a very little trouble; a valuable apple and peach orchard. This land is well adapted to clover and plaster, is well watered, and a good spring within 50 yards of the door. The situation is handsome, has been admired by many, and lies in a very healthy neighbourhood. A sufficient quantity of timbered land is attached to it, and that of the best quality. Many other advantages which it possesses are not enumerated. The sale will commence at 12 o'clock, and the terms made known on the day.

FRANCIS FISH,
August 1 3w*

To Rent.

The Brick Warehouse at the corner of Prince & Union streets, now occupied by Caldwell & Jackson—the stand for a grocery, ship chandlery, or auction store, equal to any in the place—Immediate possession can be given.

Also to Rent.

The Counting Room, and part or all the Brick Warehouse occupied by Lindsay & Hill—Possession given on the 1st of Aug.

LAWRASON & FOWLE,
May 25

Land for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale a tract of 80 acres of land, on the Colchester road, five miles from Alexandria, adjoining the lands of Haywood Foote and Dennis Johnston. The greater part of this tract is fine meadow land, abundantly supplied with water. Also one other tract of 261 acres, on the Ravensworth road, about 6 miles from Alexandria, and one mile from the first mentioned tract, adjoining land of Thos. Janney and Mr. M'Pherson: the greater part of this tract is in wood, the soil good and highly susceptible of improvement from the use of plaster. If these lands are not sold before the first of January next, they will then be for rent.

CHARLES SIMMS,
June 18 sw

District of Columbia, to wit:

County of Alexandria, }
April Term, 1818. }
IN CHANCERY.
Newton Keene—Complainant,
VERSUS
John M. Noblet and John Vaughn—Defendants.

THE defendant, John M. Noblet, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the statute and the rules of this court; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, upon affidavit, that the said John M. Noblet is not an inhabitant of this district—(in motion of the said complainant, by his attorney, it is ordered, That the said defendant, John M. Noblet, does appear here on the first day of the next court, and enter his appearance to this suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendant, John Vaughn, does not pay away, convey or secrete the debts by him owing to the estate or effects in his hands belonging to the said absent defendant John M. Noblet, until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for 2 months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this county, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of the said county.

Test, G. DENBALE, C. C.
June 17 2w

Union Bank of Alexandria.

July 2, 1818.

STOCKHOLDERS in this institution, are hereby notified, that on the capital paid in, a dividend of four per cent. for the profits for the last six months, is this day declared payable on the 9th inst. agreeably to order.

C. T. CHAPMAN, Cashr.
July 3 4f

Potomac Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the annual meeting of the stockholders will be held at Mr. Brown's tavern in Alexandria, on Monday the 3d August next, at 11 A. M. for the purpose of electing a president and four directors for the ensuing year, and transacting other business of the company.—And that the president and directors will hold a meeting at Mr. Simms's tavern in Georgetown on Monday the 10th of August next, for the purpose of appointing the following officers, to wit:—A person to act as treasurer and clerk of the works; one to act as toll gatherer at Harper's Ferry; one to act as toll gatherer and gatekeeper at the great falls, and one to act in the same capacity at the little falls.

By order of the board,
JOSEPH BREWER, Treas.
July 6 mth3dA

Notice.

THE delinquent stockholders in the Leesburg Turnpike Road Company will please to take notice, that their first instalment, required by the president and directors of said company, of ten dollars on each share of stock by them subscribed, was due and payable on the first day of Sept. last—the second instalment of ten dollars on each share on the first day of Jan. and the third instalment of ten dollars on each share will be due on the first day of July next, and it is not punctually paid on or before the 15th of Aug. next, they will be dealt with as the law directs.

SAM'L CARR, Treas.
Leesburg, June 29 sw

THE subscriber will apply to the bank of Alexandria for a renewal of the following certificates of stock now standing in the name of Joseph Conway, deceased, the same having been lost or mislaid:—Nos. 336; 498; 1166; 1167; 1168; 1169; 1773; 1774; 1775; 1845; 2070; 2071; 2072; 2073; 2074; 1551; 1561; 1817; 1818; 2081.

WM. HERBERT, Jun. Adm'r.
June 25 3w

Charles County Court.

ON application to Charles county court by petition in writing of John Smith, of Charles county, for the benefit of the act of assembly for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms mentioned therein, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors on oath, so far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition, and the court being satisfied by competent testimony that the said John Smith has resided two years immediately preceding the time of his application, in the state of Maryland, and being also satisfied that the said John Smith is in actual confinement for debt, and the said John Smith having entered into bond with sufficient security for his personal appearance in Charles county court, to answer such allegations as his creditors may make against him—it is therefore ordered and adjudged that the said John Smith be discharged from imprisonment; and that by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some one of the newspapers edited in the District of Columbia, once a week for two months successively before the third Monday of August next, he give notice to his creditors to appear before the said Court, at Charlestown, in said county, on the said third Monday of August next, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to show cause why the said John Smith should not have the benefit of the several insolvent laws as prayed. Given under my hand this 20th day of June 1818.

Test, JOHN BARNES, Ck.
June 27 Thm

Dr. Thomson's System of Chemistry.

IN FOUR VOLUMES OCTAVO. THE preceding edition of Dr. Thomson's Chemistry, had acquired so much reputation both in England and upon the continent of Europe, that a new edition, comprising the new facts with which the science had been enriched, and the new views of the subject which extended knowledge had suggested as indispensable, was eagerly looked for by the scientific world. A new edition has accordingly appeared, wherein the former edition of five volumes has been condensed into four.

All the new discoveries, and all the new theories of Chemical Phenomena, have been considered and embraced in the present improved edition; so that it is indispensable to the chemical student, as presenting the only condensed view of the changes and alterations in chemical doctrine, which the discoveries of the last ten years have suggested. No apology therefore can be necessary for reprinting such a book in this country; for the press does not furnish a substitute for it. But, there is so much theoretical suggestion—so much abstruse calculation—so much fact of dubious authority—and so much dubious validity—that notes and illustrations are absolutely necessary, not merely to render the book more useful, but more intelligible.

Under these impressions, I thought fit to write notes in illustration (and sometimes in contradiction) of the work itself, rather than to make any abridgement of it. Those who wish to know the modern views of chemical science, must peruse it; and to every man who will be anxious to study it, elucidation will be necessary. I have endeavored to supply these, to the best of my ability; regardless whether my own opinions are in dissonance or coincidence with those of my author; leaving to the reader to decide between us.

The work will be published, with notes and illustrations, in four volumes 8vo. THOMAS COOPER, M. D.

CONDITIONS. I. The work will be printed on a superfine paper, with a new small pica letter; and will be published early in the ensuing summer.

II. It will be illustrated with a number of cuts, of which several have been necessarily added to the London edition.

III. It will be delivered to subscribers at \$12—to non-subscribers at \$14, in boards. The London edition sells for \$18.

JAMES KENNEDY & SON.

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday, WILL BE SOLD, At the Village Store, corner of Prince and Water Streets,

Dry Goods, Groceries, &c: Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day.

All kind of goods which are on invitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

Ship Timber, &c.

THE subscriber, residing on Mattawoman Creek, in Charles County, Maryland, will dispose of (standing) a large quantity of first rate White Oak Ship Timber, Wharf Logs, Timber suited for Staves, Plank, Scantling, or other purposes, in any quantity; likewise several thousand cords Oak Wood. Purchasers will find it to their advantage to apply as the terms will be moderate, and there is navigable water to the spot.

WM. MASON, Jr.
May 8 4f

Was Committed

TO the jail of Alexandria county, as a runaway, on the 16th inst. a Negro man, who calls himself WILLIAM WILSON; says he is free born, and was raised in New-York; he is about 5 feet 2 inches high, full face and eyes, well set, black complexion, and about 22 years of age. He has been in the district about one year. The owner is requested to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of as the law directs. AN'W ROUNSAVELL, Jailor.
June 20

James Kennedy & Son,

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that they have just received from LEE'S MEDICINE STORE, No. 45, Maiden lane, New-York a fresh supply of the following valuable MEDICINES:

Hamilton's Worm-destroying Lozenges.

Which have within sixteen years past cured an immense number of persons of both sexes of every age and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from WORMS, and from obstructions or foulness in the stomach and bowels.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever to others of similar title so commonly complained of as operating with violence; on the contrary a particular excellence of this remedy is its being suited to every age and constitution. It contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent & is so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady, or the tenderest infant of a week old should no worms exist in the body; but will without pain or gripping cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders. The lozenges are particularly efficacious in carrying off all gross humors and eruptions, feverish and bilious complaints, and are the safest and mildest purgative that can be used on any occasion.

Description of Worms, and the symptoms by which they are known.

Worms which infest the human body are chiefly of four kinds viz.—The Tape-worm or large round worm; the Ascarides or small maw-worm; the Cucurbitina or short flat white worm; and lastly, the Tenia or tape-worm, so called from its resemblance to tape. This is often many yards long and is full of joints. It is most hurtful and most difficult to remove.

Among the symptoms attending worms are—disagreeable breath, especially in the morning; bad and corrupted gums; itching in the nose, and about the seat; convulsions, epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of speech; starting and grinding of the teeth in sleep; irregular appetite, sometimes loathing food and sometimes voracious; purging with slimy and foetid stools; vomiting; large and hard belly; pains and sickness at the stomach; pains in the head and thighs and lowness of spirits; slow fever with small and irregular pulse; a dry cough; excessive thirst; sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms should have immediate recourse to Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges, which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints similar to those above described.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season, will effectually prevent "the vomiting and purging of children"—a dreadful disorder, which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our citizens. It is likewise the mildest and most certain remedy known, and has restored to health and strength a great number when in an advanced stage of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness; having a pleasing appearance, and an agreeable taste.

The Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.

For the prevention and cure of BILIOUS and MALIGNANT FEVERS is recommended. HAHN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS. This Medicine has been attended with a degree of success highly grateful to the inventor's feelings in several parts of the West Indies and in the Southern and Middle States, &c.

The testimony of a number of persons can be adduced, who have reason to believe that a timely use of this salutary remedy has, under Providence, preserved their lives when in the most alarming circumstances.

Facts of this conclusive nature speak more in favour of a medicine than columns of pompous eulogy founded on mere assertion.

It is not indeed presumptuously proposed as an infallible cure, but the inventor has every possible reason that can result from extensive experience for believing that a dose of these Pills taken once in every two weeks during the prevalence of our bilious fevers, will prove an infallible preventive; and further, that in the earlier stages of those diseases their use will very generally succeed in restoring health, and frequently in cases esteemed desperate and beyond the power of common remedies.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be used with safety by persons in every situation and of every age. They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile and prevent its morbid secretions—to restore and amend the appetite—to produce a free perspiration and thereby prevent colds which are often of fatal consequences. A dose never fails to remove a cold it taken on its first appearance; they are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness—sickness at the stomach and severe head-ache—and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

They have been found remarkably efficacious in preventing and curing disorders attendant on long voyages, and should be procured and carefully preserved for use by every seaman.

Hamilton's Elixir.

A sovereign remedy for colds, obstinate coughs, asthma, sore throats, catarrhs, and approaching consumptions. To parents who have children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH, this discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorders to which children are liable. The Elixir is perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small that no difficulty arises in taking it.

Hamilton's Grand Restorative.

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief and permanent cure of Nervous Disorders, Violent cramps in the stomach and back, Lowness of spirits, Indigestion, Loss of appetite, Impurity of blood, Melancholy, Hysterical affections, Gout in the stomach, Inward weaknesses, Pains in the limbs, and debility, Relaxations, &c.

Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard.

A safe and effectual remedy for acute and chronic rheumatism, gout, rheumatic gout, palsy, lumbago, numbness, white swellings, chilblains, sprains, bruises, pain in the face and neck, &c. etc.

Lee's Ointment for the Itch.

Warranted an infallible remedy at one application, may be used with perfect safety by pregnant women, or on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredient whatever, and not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the application of other remedies.

Hahn's true & genuine German Corn Plaster.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving any pain.

The Genuine Persian Lotion.

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, is an invaluable cosmetic, perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellent minerals, the basis of other lotions, and of unparalleled efficacy in removing blemishes of the face and skin, freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness, scurfs, tetter, ringworms, sunburns, prickly heat, &c.

Hahn's genuine Eye Water.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident.

Tooth Ache Drops.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

Lee's Infallible Ague and Fever Drops.

For the cure of agues, remittent and intermittent fevers.

At the place of sale pamphlets may be had gratis, describing cures performed by the above medicines; the number, importance and respectability of which, fully justify every article of this advertisement.

Sold only wholesale and retail, by JAMES KENNEDY & SON, September 26 King-st. Alexandria.

Alexandria

Vol. XIX.]

For Freight coastwise.

The substantial and fast sailing ship GLOBE, Nathaniel Howland master, burthen 450 barrels. Apply to T. H. HOWLAND, Who has for sale the Globe's cargo of 200 grindstones and 60 tons plaster
3 mo 11 tuths3t

Shoes.

S. & D. REED HAVE just received a general assortment of Shoes, which they offer for sale on accommodating terms, by wholesale or retail. July 23

Claret.

A FEW cases of Medoc Claret, of a superior quality, for sale by July 20 LAW RASON & FOWLE.

Connecticut Ploughs.

JUST received and for sale by NEWTON KEENE, 150 Connecticut Ploughs
August 3 4f

Waggon, Furniture, &c.

SAMUEL WARD has received per brig Susan, and other late arrivals, a large quantity of Goods in his line, comprising the following articles:

30 waggons with harness, 3 with tops
300 chairs of different kinds
4 sofas and settees; children's chairs
6 sideboards of the newest fashion
40 bureaus of different prices
60 tables do
20 light stands do
10 work tables do
10 wash stands do
8 secretaries and book cases
150 looking glasses from 1 to 25 dols
3 dozen grass mats
2 dozen hearth and floor brushes
6 dressing bureaus
12 feather beds and mattresses
2000 feet mahogany in boards
4 gross bed screws; 1 doz bed keys
16 dozen bed caps; 15 do table hinges
6 dozen sacking bottoms at 16s
16 portable desks
Easy chairs and night stools
ALSO,
70 trunks of different sizes
800 chip hats
Boots, shoes and hats
Saddles, bridles and whips
6 bundles of steel, very low priced
Cast steel axes and common do
LIKEWISE,
10 kegs butter
800 lbs New England Rum
4 bbls crackers of the first quality
TOGETHER WITH
Letter paper and bills of lading
All of which will be sold on good terms at the Cabinet warehouse, foot of Prince-st.
July 13 3w

Wm. Devaughn,

HAIR-DRESSER AND PERFUMER, Royal street, Alexandria. HAS just received and offers for sale at his shop, a few cases of Razors, of a superior quality, for travelling, with six blades
ALSO,
Ladies' and gentlemen's dressing cases
Cloth brushes; hat do; hair do; nail do
Shaving do; tooth do; rouge in pots
Almond paste; oil Antigua; pomatum
Cologne water; lavender do of superior quality; hair powder; powder puffs
Nipples soap for shaving; vegetable do
Rose do; palm do; wash balls
Shaving soap; tuck books; pocket do
Dressing do; pocket books
Pencil cases; beaver gloves; whips
Webb's N. York suspenders; French do
Hopkins's razor strops; Packwood's do
Shaving boxes; shaving glasses
Canes and rattans; watch chains
And a variety of other articles, too tedious to mention.
July 21

Alexandria, August 4.

WAS committed to the jail of this Co. as a runaway, a negro man, who calls himself JOHN WEAKS, and says that he was born free in Prince George Co. Maryland, that his mother's name is Sally Green, who lives near the road leading from the Alexandria Ferry to the Eastern Branch bridge, adjoining one Hen. Thompson. He was committed to this jail on the 7th May last, and then called himself William Washington, but made his escape the 16th. He is about 35 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, stout made. Says he is known to Mr. Daniel Moxley, and Henry Thompson, of Maryland. The owner is requested to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of as the law directs.

ANDREW ROUNSAVELL, Jailor.
August 8 law2m

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the night of the 7th June inst. an apprentice to the Printing Business, named JOHN SETON, born in Ireland, between 16 and 17 years old, dark complexion, eyes and hair. Had on and took with him, a long blue cloth coat, second quality, gray ribbon pantaloons, striped summer vest, cotton stockings, ruffled shirt, a roram hat, besides coarse shirts, a great coat of brown cloth, with a velvet collar, and silver hook and eye, a pair of blue cloth trousers, and other clothing not recollected. It is believed he is gone to New-York.

Whoever takes up said apprentice, confines him in any jail in the United States, and gives me legal information of the same, shall receive the above reward.

WILLIAM M'CKEON, Editor of the Freeman's Journal Philad.